

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Pinnacle Real Estate Development Private Limited Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Pinnacle Real Estate Development Private Limited (the "Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2024, and its loss and other comprehensive Income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the financial statements.

"Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon"

The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report, but does not include the Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon. The annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the Annual report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position,



financial performance, including other comprehensive Income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Management are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.



- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143 (11) of the Act, we give in the "**Annexure A**" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
2. (A) As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The balance sheet, the statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive Income), the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March, 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the Directors is disqualified as on 31 March, 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "**Annexure B**".
 - g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, we report that no remuneration has been paid by the company to its Directors during the year.
 - h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditor's) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ending 31st march 2024.



- iv. i. Based on the representation provided by the management and to the best of their knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the note no 24(ix) to the Financial Statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities, with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company, or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- ii. Based on the representation provided by the management and to the best of their knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the note no 24(ix) to the Financial Statements, no funds have been received by the Company from any other persons or entities, including foreign entities, with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party, or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- iii. Based on such audit procedures as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) above, contain any material mis-statement.
- v. The Company has neither declared nor paid any dividend during the year.
- vi. Based on our examination which included test checks, the company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with.

As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable from 1st April, 2023, reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 on preservation of audit trail as per the statutory requirements for record retention is not applicable for the financial year ended 31st March, 2024.

For **D T S & Associates LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No. 142412W/W100595

Kundane

Kundan Angre
Partner
Membership No. 136433
UDIN: 24136433BKAPUX6434
Mumbai
May 10, 2024



“Annexure A” to the Independent Auditor’s Report on Financial Statements

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under “Report on other legal and regulatory requirements” of our report of even date to the members of Pinnacle Real Estate Development Private Limited on the Financial Statements for the year ended on 31st March, 2024)

- (i) As the Company had no Property Plant and equipment during the year, clause 3(i)(a), (i)(b), (i)(c), (i)(d) and (i)(e) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (ii) (a) As the Company had no inventories during the year, clause 3(ii)(a) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been sanctioned any working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees in aggregate from banks and financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets at any point of time of the year. Accordingly, clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any investments, provided guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or any other parties during the year. Accordingly, provisions of clauses 3(iii)(a) to 3(iii)(f) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of records of the Company, the Company has neither made any investment nor has it given loans or provided guarantee or security and therefore the relevant provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”) are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, clause 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits from the public. Accordingly, clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vi) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Act for the services provided by it. Accordingly, clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, the Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including provident fund, employees’ state insurance, sales tax, income tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess, goods and services tax and other material statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities.
- There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Services tax, Provident Fund, Employees’ State Insurance, Income-tax, duty of Custom, cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at March 31, 2024 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, there are no statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) which have not been deposited on account of any dispute
- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions, previously



unrecorded as income in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.

- (ix) (a) As the Company does not have any loans or other borrowings from any lender as at the balance sheet date, the reporting under clause 3(ix)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared Wilful Defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- (c) According to the records of the Company examined by us and the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not obtained any term loans.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.
- (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies.
- (x) (a) The Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments). Accordingly, clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
- (b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of Shares or Fully or Partly Convertible Debentures during the year and hence clause 3(x)(b) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xi) (a) Based on examination of the books and records of the Company and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of the audit.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
- (c) As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) The Company has entered into transactions with related parties in compliance with the provisions of Section 188 of the Act. The details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required under Indian Accounting Standard 24 "Related Party Disclosures" specified under Section 133 of the Act. Further, the Company is not required to constitute an Audit Committee under Section 177 of the Act and, accordingly, to this extent, the reporting under clause 3(xiii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiv) In our opinion and based on our examination, the Company does not have an internal audit system and is not required to have an internal audit system as per provisions of the Companies Act.
- (xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected to its directors and hence, provisions of Section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.



- (xvi) (a) The provisions of section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (2 of 1934) are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (b) The Company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities during the year.
- (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company as defined in the regulations made by Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (d) As represented by the management, the group does not have any Core Investment Company (CIC) as part of the Group as per the definition of Group contained in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016.
- (xvii) The Company has incurred cash losses of Rs 18.41 Thousand in the financial year and of Rs. 27.08 Thousand in the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- (xx) The requirements as stipulated by the provisions of Section 135 are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, clauses 3(xx)(a) and 3(xx)(b) of the Order are not applicable.

For **D T S & Associates LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No. 142412W/W100595

Kundun

Kundan Angre
Partner
Membership No. 136433
UDIN: 24136433BKAPUX6434
Mumbai
May 10, 2024



“Annexure B” to the Independent Auditors’ report on the financial statements of Pinnacle Real Estate Development Private Limited for the period ended 31 March 2024.

Report on the internal financial controls with reference to the aforesaid financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013

(Referred to in paragraph 2(A)(f) under ‘Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements’ section of our report of even date)

Opinion

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of Pinnacle Real Estate Development Private Limited (“the Company”) as of 31 March 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management’s Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company’s management and the Board of Directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the “Guidance Note”). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company’s policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013 (hereinafter referred to as “the Act”).

Auditors’ Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were established and maintained and whether such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of such internal financial controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor’s judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls with reference to financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial controls with Reference to Financial Statements

A Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal



financial controls with reference to financial statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial controls with Reference to Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting with reference to financials statements and such internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to financials statements were operating effectively as at 31 March, 2024, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note.

For **D T S & Associates LLP**

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No. 142412W/W100595



Kundan Angre

Partner

Membership No. 136433

UDIN: 24136433BKAPUX6434



Mumbai

May 10, 2024

Pinnacle Real Estate Development Private Limited
Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024
(Amount in thousands, unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
ASSETS			
Non-Current Assets			
Financial Assets			
Investments	5	0.80	0.80
Other Non-Current Assets	6	120.00	95.00
Total Non-Current Assets		120.80	95.80
Current Assets			
Financial Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	7	17.86	59.66
Bank Balances Other Than Cash and Cash Equivalent	8	431.17	415.26
Other Financial Assets	9	6.39	-
Other Current Assets	6	24.31	43.24
Total Current Assets		479.73	518.16
Total Assets		600.53	613.96
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity Share Capital	10	1,000.00	1,000.00
Other Equity	11	(434.65)	(416.24)
Total Equity		565.35	583.76
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
Trade Payables	12	-	-
i) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		-	-
ii) Total Outstanding dues creditors other than Micro enterprises and small enterprises		35.18	-
Other Current Liabilities	13	-	30.20
Total Current Liabilities		35.18	30.20
Total Liabilities		35.18	30.20
Total Equity and Liabilities		600.53	613.96

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

1 to 25

As per our Report of even date

For DTS & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

(Firm Registration No : 142412W/W100595)

Kundan

Kundan Angre

Partner

Membership No.: 136433



Place: Mumbai

Date: 10 May 2024



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Pinnacle Real Estate Development Private Limited

(CIN No. U70100MH2006PTC161072)

Vidyasagar Pingali
Vidyasagar Pingali
Director
DIN No. 02710397

Place: Mumbai
Date: 10 May 2024

Siddhesh Pradhan
Siddhesh Pradhan
Director
DIN No. 09506094

Place: Mumbai
Date: 10 May 2024

Pinnacle Real Estate Development Private Limited
Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2024
(Amount in thousands, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Income			
Other Income	14	22.29	15.27
Total Income		22.29	15.27
Expenses			
Other Expenses	15	40.70	42.35
Total Expenses		40.70	42.35
Profit /(Loss) Before Tax		(18.41)	(27.08)
Tax Expense			
Current Tax		-	-
Total Tax Expense		-	-
Profit /(Loss) for the year (A)		(18.41)	(27.08)
Other Comprehensive Income			
a) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or Loss		-	-
b) Income Tax relating to the Item that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss		-	-
Other Comprehensive Income for the year (B)		-	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the year (A+B)		(18.41)	(27.08)
Earnings / (Loss) per share of Face Value INR 10 each	18		
Basic earnings / (Loss) per share (INR)		(0.18)	(0.27)

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

1 to 25

As per our Report of even date

For DTS & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

(Firm Registration No : 142412W/W100595)

Kundan

Kundan Angre
Partner

Membership No.: 136433

Place: Mumbai

Date: 10 May 2024



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Pinnacle Real Estate Development Private Limited
(CIN No. U70100MH2006PTC161072)

Vidyasagar
Vidyasagar Pingali
Director
DIN No. 02710397
Place: Mumbai
Date: 10 May 2024

Siddhesh
Siddhesh Pradhan
Director
DIN No. 09506094
Place: Mumbai
Date: 10 May 2024

Pinnacle Real Estate Development Private Limited
Statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 March 2024
(Amount in thousands, unless otherwise stated)

	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit/ (Loss) Before Tax	(18.41)	(27.08)
Adjustments for:		
Interest Income on Fixed Deposit	(22.29)	(15.27)
Operating Profit /(Loss) before Working Capital Changes	(40.70)	(42.35)
Changes In Working Capital		
Trade and Other Receivables	(12.47)	(3.56)
Trade and Other Payables	4.98	10.00
Cash generated from operations	(48.19)	(35.91)
Less: Income taxes paid (Net)	-	-
Net Cash (used in)/Generated from Operating Activities (A)	(48.19)	(35.91)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Investment in Fixed Deposit	(15.90)	(415.26)
Interest Received on Fixed deposit	22.29	15.27
Net Cash (used in)/Generated from Investing Activities (B)	6.39	(399.99)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Interest paid	-	-
Dividend Paid	-	-
Net Cash (used in)/Generated from Financing Activities (C)	-	-
Net Increase/ (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A+B+C)	(41.80)	(435.90)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year	59.66	495.56
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year	17.86	59.66
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as per the cash flow statement		
Cash and cash equivalents comprise (Refer note 7)		
Balances with banks	17.86	59.66
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents at end of the year	17.86	59.66

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

1 to 25

As per our report of even date

For DTS & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 142412W / W100595

Kund

Kundan Angre
Partner

Membership No.: 136433

Place: Mumbai

Date: 10 May 2024



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Pinnacle Real Estate Development Private Limited
CIN: L17100MH1905PLC000200

Vidya
Vidyasagar Pingali
Director
DIN No. 02710397

Place: Mumbai
Date: 10 May 2024

Siddhesh
Siddhesh Pradhan
Director
DIN No. 09506094

Place: Mumbai
Date: 10 May 2024

Pinnacle Real Estate Development Private Limited
Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 March 2024
(Amount in thousands, unless otherwise stated)

(A) Equity share capital

For the year ended 31 March 2024

100,000 Equity Shares (31 March 2023: 100,000) of INR 10 each	Amount
Balance as at 1 April 2023	1,000.00
Changes in equity share capital during the current year	-
Balance as at 31 March 2024	1,000.00

For the year ended 31 March 2023

100,000 Equity Shares (31 March 2022: 100,000) of INR 10 each	Amount
Balance as at 1 April 2022	1,000.00
Changes in equity share capital during the current year	-
Balance as at 31 March 2023	1,000.00

(B) For the year ended 31 March 2024

Particulars	Reserve and Surplus	Total Equity
	Retained Earnings	
Balance as at 1 April 2023	(416.24)	(416.24)
Loss for the year	(18.41)	(18.41)
Balance as at 31 March 2024	(434.65)	(434.65)

For the year ended 31 March 2023

Particulars	Reserve and Surplus	Total
	Retained Earnings	
Balance as at 1 April 2022	(389.16)	(389.16)
Loss for the year	(27.08)	(27.08)
Balance as at 31 March 2023	(416.24)	(416.24)

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

1 to 25

As per our Report of even date

For DTS & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

(Firm Registration No : 142412W/W100595)

Kund

Kundan Angre
Partner
Membership No.: 136433

Place: Mumbai
Date: 10 May 2024



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Pinnacle Real Estate Development Private Limited
(CIN No. U70100MH2006PTC161072)

Vidya
Vidyasagar Pingali
Director
DIN No. 02710397

Place: Mumbai
Date: 10 May 2024

Siddhesh
Siddhesh Pradhan
Director
DIN No. 09506094

Place: Mumbai
Date: 10 May 2024



PINNACLE REAL ESTATE DEVELOPMENT PRIVATE LIMITED

(CIN No. U70100MH2006PTC161072)

Notes on Financial Statement for the year ended 31 March 2024

1. Corporate Information:

The Company is a Private limited company domiciled in India and is incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act applicable in India. The registered office of the company is located at Ground 462, Senapati Bapat Marg, Phoenix Mills Premises, Lower Parel, Mumbai - 400 013.

The Company is mainly engaged in real estate activities. For Company's principal shareholders, refer note no. 10.

These financial statements were approved and adopted by board of directors of the Company in their meeting dated 10 May 2024.

2. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statement:

The Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with and in compliance, in all material aspects, with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended and other provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act").

The material accounting policies used in preparing these financial statements are same as used in preparation of annual financial statement ended on 31 March 2023.

New and amended standards adopted by the Company

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") had vide notification dated 31 March 2023 notified Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023 which amended certain accounting standards (see below) and are effective 01 April 2023.

- Disclosure of accounting policies - amendment to Ind AS 1.
- Disclosure of accounting estimates - amendment to Ind AS 8.
- Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction - amendment to Ind AS 12.

The other amendments to Ind AS notified by these rules are primarily in the nature of clarifications.

These amendments did not have any material impact on the amounts recognized in prior period and are not expected to significantly affect the current or further periods. Specifically, no changes would be necessary as a consequence of amendments made to Ind AS 12 as the Company's accounting policy already complies with now mandatory treatment.

3. (A) Material Accounting Policies:

a) Basis of measurement:

The Financial Statements have been prepared on historical cost basis, except the following:



PINNACLE REAL ESTATE DEVELOPMENT PRIVATE LIMITED

(CIN No. U70100MH2006PTC161072)

Notes on Financial Statement for the year ended 31 March 2024

- Certain financial assets and liabilities that is measured at fair value.

b) Impairment of Non Financial Assets :

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or Cash Generating Unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. It is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or a groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing the value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account, if no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

c) Impairment of Financial assets:

The company assesses impairment based on expected credit losses (ECL) model for the following:

- Financial assets carried at amortised cost.
- Financial assets measured at FVTOCI.

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether financial assets carried at amortized cost and debt securities at FVOCI are credit impaired. A financial asset is 'credit impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

d) Provisions and contingencies:

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using the government securities interest rate for the equivalent period. Unwinding of the discount is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as a finance cost. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. Information on contingent liability is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. Contingent assets are not



PINNACLE REAL ESTATE DEVELOPMENT PRIVATE LIMITED
(CIN No. U70100MH2006PTC161072)

Notes on Financial Statement for the year ended 31 March 2024

recognised. However, when the realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is no longer a contingent asset, but it is recognised as an asset.

B) Other Accounting Policies:

a) Functional and presentation of currency:

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees, which is the Company's functional currency, and all amounts are rounded to the nearest rupees in Thousands, unless otherwise stated.

b) Classification of assets and liabilities as current and non - current:

Based on the time involved between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle for determining current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities in the balance sheet

c) Equity share capital:

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs net of taxes directly attributable to the issue of new equity shares are reduced from retained earnings, net of taxes.

d) Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and at bank, deposits with banks and other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

e) Other Income:

Interest income

Interest income from debt instrument is recognised using effective interest rate method. The effective interest rate is the rate that discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of financial asset to the gross carrying amount of financial asset. When calculating effective interest rate, the company expects cash flows by considering all contractual terms of financial instrument but does not consider the expected credit losses.



PINNACLE REAL ESTATE DEVELOPMENT PRIVATE LIMITED
(CIN No. U70100MH2006PTC161072)
Notes on Financial Statement for the year ended 31 March 2024

f) Earnings per share:

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss (after tax) for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

g) Income Taxes:

Current Income Tax:

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and creates provisions where appropriate.

Deferred Tax:

Deferred Tax is provided, using the Balance sheet approach, on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred Tax is determined using the tax rates and tax laws that are enacted or subsequently enacted at the end of the reporting period.

Deferred Tax liabilities are recognized for all temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilize those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax asset and liabilities are offset where the company has a legally enforceable right and intends either to settle on net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in the statement of profit & loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

h) Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instruments of another entity. Classifications of financial instruments are in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement and as per the definitions of financial assets, financial liability and an deretruments.



PINNACLE REAL ESTATE DEVELOPMENT PRIVATE LIMITED

(CIN No. U70100MH2006PTC161072)

Notes on Financial Statement for the year ended 31 March 2024

Financial Assets and investments

Initial recognition and measurement:

At initial recognition, the company measures a financial asset (other than financial asset at fair value through profit or loss) at its fair value plus or minus, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in the statement of profit & loss.

Subsequent recognition and measurement:

Subsequent measurement of financial asset depends on the company's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. For the purpose of subsequent recognition and measurement financial assets are classified in four categories:

• **Debt instrument at amortised cost:**

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortised cost and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method.

i) **Derecognition:**

A financial asset is primarily derecognised i.e. removed from Company's financial statement when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from asset have expired, or
- The Company has transferred its right to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under 'pass- through' arrangement and either;
 - a) The Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the assets,
 - b) The Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.



PINNACLE REAL ESTATE DEVELOPMENT PRIVATE LIMITED
(CIN No. U70100MH2006PTC161072)
Notes on Financial Statement for the year ended 31 March 2024

Financial Liabilities:

i) Initial recognition and measurement:

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts.

ii) Subsequent measurement:

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and has designated upon initial measurement recognition at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term.

Gains/ losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the statement of profit & loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied.

Financial Liabilities at amortised cost:

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Gains and losses are recognised in the statement of profit & loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

(iii) Derecognition:

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.



PINNACLE REAL ESTATE DEVELOPMENT PRIVATE LIMITED

(CIN No. U70100MH2006PTC161072)

Notes on Financial Statement for the year ended 31 March 2024

4. Critical accounting estimates, assumptions and judgements:

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates, judgements and assumptions that affect the reported balances of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent liabilities as on the date of financial statements and reported amounts of income and expenses during the period. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. The Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following estimates and judgements, which have significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statement:

(a) Provisions:

Provisions and liabilities are recognized in the period when it becomes probable that there will be a future outflow of funds resulting from past operations or events and the amount of cash outflow can be reliably estimated. The timing of recognition and quantification of the liability require the application of judgement to existing facts and circumstances, which can be subject to change. Since the cash outflows can take place many years in the future, the carrying amounts of provisions and liabilities are reviewed regularly and adjusted to take account of changing facts and circumstances.

(b) Fair Value measurement:

The Company measures financial instrument such as certain investments, at fair value at each balance sheet date.



Pinnacle Real Estate Development Private Limited
Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024
(Amount in thousands, unless otherwise stated)

5	Financial Assets- Investments <u>INVESTMENT IN EQUITY MEASURED AT COST</u> <u>UNQUOTED INVESTMENT</u> Investment in equity instruments Unquoted (i) Investment in Fellow Subsidiary company	31 March 2024		31 March 2023	
		No. of Shares/Units	Amount	No. of Shares/Units	Amount
	Mugwort Land Holdings Private Limited (Equity Shares of face value of INR 10/- each fully paid-up)	80	0.80	80.00	0.80
	Total	80	0.80	80.00	0.80
6	Other Assets (Unsecured, Consider Good) Advances Given Capital advances Balance with Government authorities Total Other Assets	31 March 2024		31 March 2023	
		Non Current	Current	Non Current	Current
		95.00	-	95.00	-
		25.00	24.31		43.24
		120.00	24.31	95.00	43.24
7	Cash and cash equivalents Balances with banks: in current accounts	31 March 2024		31 March 2023	
				17.86	59.66
				17.86	59.66
8	Bank balances other than Cash and cash equivalents Fixed deposits with original maturity more than 3 months but not more than 12 months	31 March 2024		31 March 2023	
				431.17	415.26
				431.17	415.26
9	Other financial assets Accrued Interest on Fixed Deposit	31 March 2024		31 March 2023	
		Non Current	Current	Non Current	Current
		-	6.39	-	-
		-	6.39	-	-



Pinnacle Real Estate Development Private Limited**Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024**

(Amount in thousands, unless otherwise stated)

		For the year ended 31-03-2024	For the year ended 31-03-2023
14	Other income		
	Interest income		
	On Fixed Deposit	22.29	15.27
	Total other income	22.29	15.27
15	Other expenses		
	Rates and taxes	2.50	2.50
	Commission and other transaction charges	-	0.59
	Legal and professional charges	17.20	20.51
	Payment to Auditors*	21.00	18.75
		40.70	42.35
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
	As auditor*		
	Statutory audit	21.00	18.75
	Total	21.00	18.75



16	Related party Disclosure:										
In accordance with the requirements of IND AS 24, on related party disclosures, name of the related party, related party relationship, transactions and outstanding balances including commitments where control exists and with whom transactions have taken place during reported periods, are:											
(a) Related Party with whom transactions have been taken place and relationships:											



18 Earnings /(Loss) per share

Basic earnings /(loss) per share amounts are calculated by dividing the profit/loss for the year attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings /(loss) per share amounts are calculated by dividing the profit/loss attributable to equity holders (after adjusting for interest on the convertible preference shares) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential equity shares into equity shares.

The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations:

	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Net profit after tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss attributable to Equity Shareholders	(18.41)	(27.08)
Weighted Average number of equity shares used as denominator for calculating EPS	1,00,000	1,00,000
Earning per share:		
Basic Earnings per share INR	(0.18)	(0.27)
Diluted Earning Per Share INR	(0.18)	(0.27)
Face value per equity share (Rs.)	10.00	10.00

19 Segment reporting

The Company is mainly engaged in real estate, construction business, commercial development. Considering the nature of the company's business and operations, there are no separate reportable segments (business and/or geographical) in accordance with the requirements of Indian Accounting Standard (IND AS) 108 - 'Segment Reporting'.

20 Fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities

	As at March 31 2024		As at March 31 2023	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Financial assets				
Financial assets valued at amortized cost				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	17.86	17.86	59.66	59.66
Other Bank Balance	431.17	431.17	415.26	415.26
Financial assets valued at amortized cost				
Other Financial Assets	6.39	6.39	-	-
Investment in Fellow Subsidiary company	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80
Total financial assets	456.22	456.22	475.72	475.72
Financial liabilities				
Financial Liabilities valued at amortized cost				
Trade payables and others	35.18	35.18	-	-
Other financial liabilities	-	-	30.20	30.20
Total financial liabilities	35.18	35.18	30.20	30.20

Fair valuation techniques:

The Company maintains policies and procedures to value financial assets or financial liabilities using the best and most relevant data available.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values

- Fair value of investment in unquoted equity shares are considered same as carrying value as the same are not material.
- Fair value of Financial Assets & Financial Liability(except long term borrowings) are carried at amortised cost is not materially different from it's carrying cost due to short term maturities

21 Financial risk Management:

The Company is exposed to various financial risks. These risks are categorized into market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's risk management is coordinated by the Board of Directors and focuses on securing long term and short term cash flows.

(A) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market prices comprise three types of risk: currency rate risk, interest rate risk and other price risks, such as equity price risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans and borrowings and investments in securities.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is not exposed to interest rate risk as the Company does not have borrowings as at the respective reporting dates.

Commodity and Other price risk

The Company is not exposed to the commodity and other price risk.

(B) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company that a customer or counter party to a financial instrument fails to meet its obligations. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks, mutual funds, financial institutions and other financial instruments.

Cash and cash equivalents an other investments

The Company considers factors such as track record, size of the institution, market reputation and service standards to select the banks with which balances and deposits are maintained. Generally, the balances are maintained with the institutions with which the Company has also availed borrowings. The Company does not maintain significant cash and deposit balances other than those required for its day to day operations.



Pinnacle Real Estate Development Private Limited

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Amount in thousands, unless otherwise stated)

	<p>Trade receivables and contract assets</p> <p>The Company extends credit to customers in normal course of business. The Company considers factors such as credit track record in the market and past dealings for extension of credit to customers.</p> <p>The Company is not exposed to credit risk as the Company does not have Trade and other Receivables as at the respective reporting dates.</p> <p>Exposure to credit risk</p> <p>The gross carrying amount of financial assets, net of impairment losses recognised represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk as at March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023 is as follows:</p> <p>Financial assets for which loss allowances are measured using 12 months Expected Credit Losses (ECL):</p> <table><tr><th></th><th>As At 31 March 2024</th><th>As At 31 March 2023</th></tr><tr><td>Other Financial assets</td><td>6.39</td><td>-</td></tr><tr><td>Cash and cash equivalents</td><td>17.86</td><td>59.66</td></tr><tr><td>Other Bank Balance</td><td>431.17</td><td>415.26</td></tr></table>		As At 31 March 2024	As At 31 March 2023	Other Financial assets	6.39	-	Cash and cash equivalents	17.86	59.66	Other Bank Balance	431.17	415.26						
	As At 31 March 2024	As At 31 March 2023																	
Other Financial assets	6.39	-																	
Cash and cash equivalents	17.86	59.66																	
Other Bank Balance	431.17	415.26																	
(C)	<p>Liquidity risk</p> <p>Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to meet its present and future cash and collateral obligations without incurring unacceptable losses.</p> <p>The Company's objective is to at all times maintain optimum levels of liquidity to meet its cash and collateral requirements. The current borrowings are sufficient to meet its short to medium term expansion needs.</p> <p>The Company is not exposed to liquidity risk as there are no borrowing and payables.</p>																		
22	<p>Capital management</p> <p>The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximize the shareholder value. The Company's primary objective when managing capital is to ensure that it maintains an efficient capital structure and healthy capital ratios and safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to support its business and provide maximum returns for shareholders. The Company also proposes to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes during the year ended March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023.</p> <p>For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued capital, share premium and all other equity reserves. Net debt includes, interest bearing loans and borrowings less cash and short term deposits.</p> <table><tr><th>Particulars</th><th>As At 31 March 2024</th><th>As At 31 March 2023</th></tr><tr><td>Loans and Borrowings</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></tr><tr><td>Less: Cash and cash equivalents + Bank Deposits</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></tr><tr><td>Net Debt</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></tr><tr><td>Total Capital</td><td>565.35</td><td>583.76</td></tr><tr><td>Gearing Ratio</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></tr></table>	Particulars	As At 31 March 2024	As At 31 March 2023	Loans and Borrowings	-	-	Less: Cash and cash equivalents + Bank Deposits	-	-	Net Debt	-	-	Total Capital	565.35	583.76	Gearing Ratio	-	-
Particulars	As At 31 March 2024	As At 31 March 2023																	
Loans and Borrowings	-	-																	
Less: Cash and cash equivalents + Bank Deposits	-	-																	
Net Debt	-	-																	
Total Capital	565.35	583.76																	
Gearing Ratio	-	-																	
23	<p>Capital and Other Commitments</p> <p>(Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account not provided for)</p> <table><tr><th></th><th>As At 31 March 2024</th><th>As At 31 March 2023</th></tr><tr><td></td><td>700.00</td><td>700.00</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>700.00</td><td>700.00</td></tr></table>		As At 31 March 2024	As At 31 March 2023		700.00	700.00		700.00	700.00									
	As At 31 March 2024	As At 31 March 2023																	
	700.00	700.00																	
	700.00	700.00																	



Pinnacle Real Estate Development Private Limited
Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024
(Amount in thousands, unless otherwise stated)

24	Additional regulatory information required by Schedule III
i)	Details of benami property held - No proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the company for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and Rules made thereunder
ii)	Borrowing secured against current assets The Company does not have borrowings from banks and financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets.
iii)	Wilful defaulter Company have not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
iv)	Relationship with struck off companies The company has no transactions with companies struck off under Companies Act, 2013 or Companies Act, 1956.
v)	Compliance with number of layers of companies The company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.
vi)	Compliance with approved scheme(s) of arrangements Company has not entered into any scheme of arrangement which has an accounting impact on current or previous financial year.
vii)	Undisclosed Income The company has not surrendered or disclosed as income during the current or previous year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961, that has not been recorded in the books of account.
viii)	Details of crypto currency or virtual currency The company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the current or previous year.
ix)	Utilisation of borrowed funds and share premium The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall: a. directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or b. provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall: a. directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or b. provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries
25	The previous year's figures have been regrouped, reworked, rearranged and reclassified, whenever necessary and are to be read in relation to the amounts and other disclosures relating to the year.

As per our Report of even date
For DTS & Associates LLP
Chartered Accountants
(Firm Registration No : 142412W/W100595)



Kundan Angre
Partner
Membership No.: 136433

Place: Mumbai
Date: 10 May 2024



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Pinnacle Real Estate Development Private Limited
(CIN No. U70100MH2006PTC161072)


Vidyasagar Ringali
Director
DIN No. 02710397


Siddhesh Pradhan
Director
DIN No. 09506094

Place: Mumbai
Date: 10 May 2024

Place: Mumbai
Date: 10 May 2024